

## Comparing Fractions



Both of these circles have been split into multiples of 4 therefore we can compare them.

## Comparing Fractions



## Comparing Fractions



Both of these circles have been split into a multiple of 5 therefore we can compare them.

## Comparing Fractions



## Comparing Fractions



$\frac{7}{15}$

5 and 15 are both multiples of 5 therefore we can compare them.
$\square$


## Comparing Fractions



## Comparing Fractions



To compare these two fractions, you must look at what has changed in the denominator, e.g. $4 \times 3=12$

Therefore, if the numerator has changed in the same way, the fractions would be equal, e.g. $1 \times 3=3$


Remember the Rule: Whatever you do to the denominator, you must do the same to the numerator.

## Comparing Fractions



## Comparing Fractions

Can you compare these two fractions by looking at what has changed in the denominator and seeing if it is the same in the numerator?


Remember the Rule: Whatever you do to the denominator, you must do the same to the numerator.


## Comparing Fractions



$$
3 \times 4=12
$$

But $1 \times 4=4$, not 6 so these fractions are not equal. Which fraction is larger?

## Comparing Fractions



## Comparing Fractions

Can you compare these two fractions by looking at what has changed in the denominator?


Remember the Rule: Whatever you do to the denominator, you must do the same to the numerator.


## Comparing Fractions



But $3 \times 3=9$, not 7 so these fractions are not equal. Which fraction is larger?

## Comparing Fractions



## Comparing Fractions

Have a go at comparing these fractions:

$$
\frac{2}{5}
$$



$$
\frac{5}{10}
$$

$\frac{2}{3}$

$\frac{4}{5}$

$\frac{12}{20}$

$$
\frac{3}{4}
$$



$$
\frac{12}{16}
$$

## Ordering Fractions

The denominator in each of these fractions is a multiple of 4 therefore, we can compare and order them.

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
\frac{4}{8} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{5}{8}
\end{array}
$$

First, change all of the fractions so that they have the same denominator.


Then write them in order from smallest to largest. Remember to write them in their original form.

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
\frac{1}{4} & \frac{4}{8} & \frac{5}{8} & \frac{3}{4}
\end{array}
$$

## Ordering Fractions

Can you order the following fractions from smallest to largest? Start by changing each of the fractions so that the denominator is 20.

| $\frac{2}{5}$ | $\frac{2}{10}$ | $\frac{9}{10}$ | $\frac{3}{5}$ | $\frac{3}{10}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{8}{20}$ | $\frac{4}{20}$ | $\frac{18}{20}$ | $\frac{12}{20}$ | $\frac{6}{20}$ |

Now put them in order! Remember to write them in their original form!

| $\frac{2}{10}$ | $\frac{3}{10}$ | $\frac{2}{5}$ | $\frac{3}{5}$ | $\frac{9}{10}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Ordering Fractions

Order these fractions from smallest to largest? Decide on what denominator to change each fraction to.

| $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{3}{8}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $\frac{7}{8}$ | $\frac{2}{8}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\frac{4}{8}$ | $\frac{3}{8}$ | $\frac{6}{8}$ | $\frac{7}{8}$ | $\frac{2}{8}$ |

Now put them in order! Remember to write them in their original form!

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
\frac{2}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{7}{8}
\end{array}
$$

